## Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics Human and Public Services

| Standard | 4 - Mastery | 3 - Proficient | 2 - Basic | 1- Below Basic | O-No Evidence |
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| TM-NS1-C. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form including signed numbers | C. Find and correct calculation errors, using any real number, within an authentic task. | C. Calculate values for different problems within an authentic task(s) for any real number. Problems must include signed values and a variety of real numbers. | C. Calculate values for different problems within an authentic task(s) for integer, simple fractions and simple decimal. | C. Calculate values for different problems within an authentic task(s) for an integer. | C. Not yet able to consistently calculate answers for problems using real numbers in an authentic task. |
| TM-NS1-F. Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., $\pi / 2$ ). | F. Apply multiple rational approximations within one task to more precisely estimate values. | F. Apply rational approximations to more precisely estimate values within an authentic task. | F. Estimate approximations of irrational numbers and be able to round up to next larger integer to estimate values with in an authentic task. | F. Determine placement on a number line between consecutive integers. | F. Not yet able to calculate rational approximations. |
| TM-NS2.A. Convert like measurement units within a given measurement system and between systems. | A. Accurately convert units among and between systems and determine which system is more applicable to the given scenario. | A. Convert units within a measurement system and between systems within an authentic task. | A. Convert units between measurement systems. | A. Convert units within the same measurement system. (i.e. converting inches to feet, centimeters to meters) | A. Not yet able to convert units between like or unlike systems. |
| TM-NS3-A. Evaluate expressions at specific values for their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas in authentic problems. | A. Explain how the values of the variable(s) effect with each other and how changes can affect the final value in an authentic task. | A. Evaluate variable expressions containing common integer, decimal, and fractional values found in authentic task. (with and without technology) | A. Evaluate variable expressions with integers, decimals, and fraction values. | A. Evaluate variable expressions with integer values. | A. Not yet able to accurately evaluate an expression for a given value. |
| TM-NS3-B. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole-number exponents, using order of operations. | B. Find and correct an error with an order of operation problem which includes whole number exponents. | B. Calculate an order of operation problem with an authentic task which involves whole number exponents. (with and without technology) AND <br> B. Explain the process used to calculate and order of operation problem within an authentic task which includes whole number exponents. | B. Use order of operations to simplify an expression. | B. Explain the process using the order of operations to simplify a given expression. | B. Not yet able to apply order of operations. |
| TM-NS3-C. Work with radicals and integer exponents. | C. Find and correct an error within a problem which includes radical and integer exponents. | C. Solve problems or use formulas within an authentic task which involve radical and integer exponents. | C. Evaluate formulas with radicals and integer exponents. | C. Able to compute with radicals and integer exponents on a calculator. | C. Not yet able to simplify a problem with radical or integer exponents. |
| TM-NS3-E. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. | E. Evaluate larger perfect square and cube roots within an authentic task without a calculator. | E. Evaluate small, perfect square and cube roots, within an authentic task without a calculator | E. Evaluate small, perfect square and cube roots with a calculator. | E. Recognize perfect squares and perfect cubes. | E. Not yet able to evaluate perfect square or cube root. |

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| TM-NS3-F. Know that square roots and cubed roots of non-perfect squares and cubes are irrational and understand what irrational numbers are. | F. Estimate values of a nonperfect square or cube root without technology and determine how to use the value in context of the authentic task. | F. Estimate the value of a non-perfect square or cube root when solving problems. <br> AND <br> F. Determine when an answer in an authentic task will be an irrational number. Can describe how accuracy is impacted by the use of irrational numbers | F. Recognize a value as an estimate (close in value) of a non-perfect square or cube. | F. Estimate roots of nonperfect squares and cubes using a calculator. | F. Not yet able to make a connection between a non-perfect square or cube root and an irrational number. |
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| TM-G2.A. Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, corresponding, alternate interior, and alternate exterior angles to solve for an unknown angle. | A. Explain the properties being used to solve for missing angle measures in an authentic task. | A. Recognize supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, and corresponding angles on authentic figure. | A. Apply angle properties, such as vertical angles are congruent, to calculate unknown angle values. | A. Determine unknown angle measures within an authentic task applying angle properties. | A. Not yet able to apply angle properties to determine unknown angle measures within an authentic figure. |
| TM-G2-D. Represent applied problems by graphing points in the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation. | D. Create the graph and label axis, scale, coordinates from an authentic task. | D. Graph and interpret meanings of coordinate points from an authentic task with given origin and scale. | D. Graph contextual situation on a coordinate plane with a given labeled axis. | D. Can graph points and give coordinates of points on a graph. | D. Not yet able to recognize coordinates of points or graph points. |
| TM-G3.A. Use the <br> Pythagorean Theorem to solve for the length o a leg or the hypotenuse of right triangles. | A. Apply Pythagorean Theorem in an authentic task to determine if the measures form an acute, right, or obtuse triangle. | A. Apply Pythagorean Theorem in an authentic task to find the side of a right triangle. | A. Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find sides of a right triangle. | A. Identify the legs and hypotenuse of a right triangle | A. Not yet able to apply Pythagorean Theorem to calculate an unknown side of a triangle. |
| TM-G3.B. Use right triangle ratios (sine, cosine, tangent, and their inverses) to solve for unknown sides and angles in right triangles. | B. Prove calculations using a different Trigonometry function or another Triangle Property. (ie Triangle Sum and Pythagorean Theorem). | B. Calculate unknown sides and angles of a right triangles within an authentic task. | B. Calculate unknown sides and angles of a right triangles. | B. Can find trigonometry ratios of an acute angle of a triangle with known sides. | B. Not yet able to apply right triangle trigonometry to calculate unknown sides and angles in a right triangle. |
| TM-BA1.C. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable. | C. Find and correct solution errors and/or interpretation errors of equations or inequalities within an authentic task. | C. Solve and interpret solution of linear equations and inequalities, in one variable, within an authentic task. | C. Solve multi-step equations and inequalities. | C. Solve two-step equation and inequality. | C. Not yet able to solve single variable equations and inequalities. |
| TM-BA1.D. Use linear equations to model authentic contexts. | D. Model, solve, and interpret solution(s) of linear equations within an authentic task. | D. Model an authentic task with linear equations. Defining variable(s) and solution meaning within context of the task. | D. Model an authentic task with a linear equation, may be incorrect. | D. Define variable and restate known values from an authentic task. | D. Not yet able to model an authentic task with a linear equation. |

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| TM-BA2-A. Use variables to represent two quantities involving geometric figures that change in relationship to one another. | A. Predict the impact of change on one variable as it relates to the second variable, using an authentic task. | A. Define and use variables that represent quantities of geometric figures within an authentic task. AND A. Describe the relationship of two quantities within a geometric figure and how they change in relationship to each other. | A. Evaluate the geometric relationship with different values in the two quantities and note changes in one quantity when the other is changed. | A. Define quantities needed given a geometric formula. | A. Not yet able to represent two quantities of a figure as variables. |
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| TM-BA2.B. Write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. | B. Describe the relationship, using explicit terms, values, or units, of the two variables in an authentic task. | B. Write and define an equation that represents an authentic task having an independent and dependent variable. | B. Write an equation for one variable in terms of another. | B. Identify the dependent and independent variables in an equation. | B. Not yet able to write an equation with an independent and dependent variable that represents an authentic task. |
| TM-BA2.C. Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest using the same reasoning as in solving equations. | C. Explain effects to the formula as changes to a variable happen within an authentic task. | C. Solve and interpret a formula (literal equation) within an authentic task. | C. Solve multi-step literal equations. | C. Solve 1 or 2 step literal equations. | C. Not yet able to solve a literal equation. |
| TM-BA3-A. Evaluate expressions, including those that arise from formulas in authentic problems, at specific values for their variables. | A. Explain answers from an authentic task. | A. Evaluate the expression or formula, with correct units, within an authentic task. | A. Evaluate the expression or formula, with correct units. | A. Correctly substitute the numbers into the expression. | A. Not yet able to evaluate an expression. |
| TM-BA3-C. Choose and interpret units consistently in formulas. | C. Justify final unit measure selection. | C. Interpret units of measure in a formula within an authentic task. | C. Recognize different unit measures within a problem and convert correctly. | C. Determine appropriate units for final answers. | C. Not yet able to choose units of measure in formulas. |
| TM-BA3-D. Apply appropriate formulas to solve applications | D. Apply and explain formulas used to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select and apply appropriate formulas to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select the appropriate formula to solve an authentic task. | D. Determine correct formula for an authentic task when given options. | D. Not yet able to apply formulas within an authentic task. |

